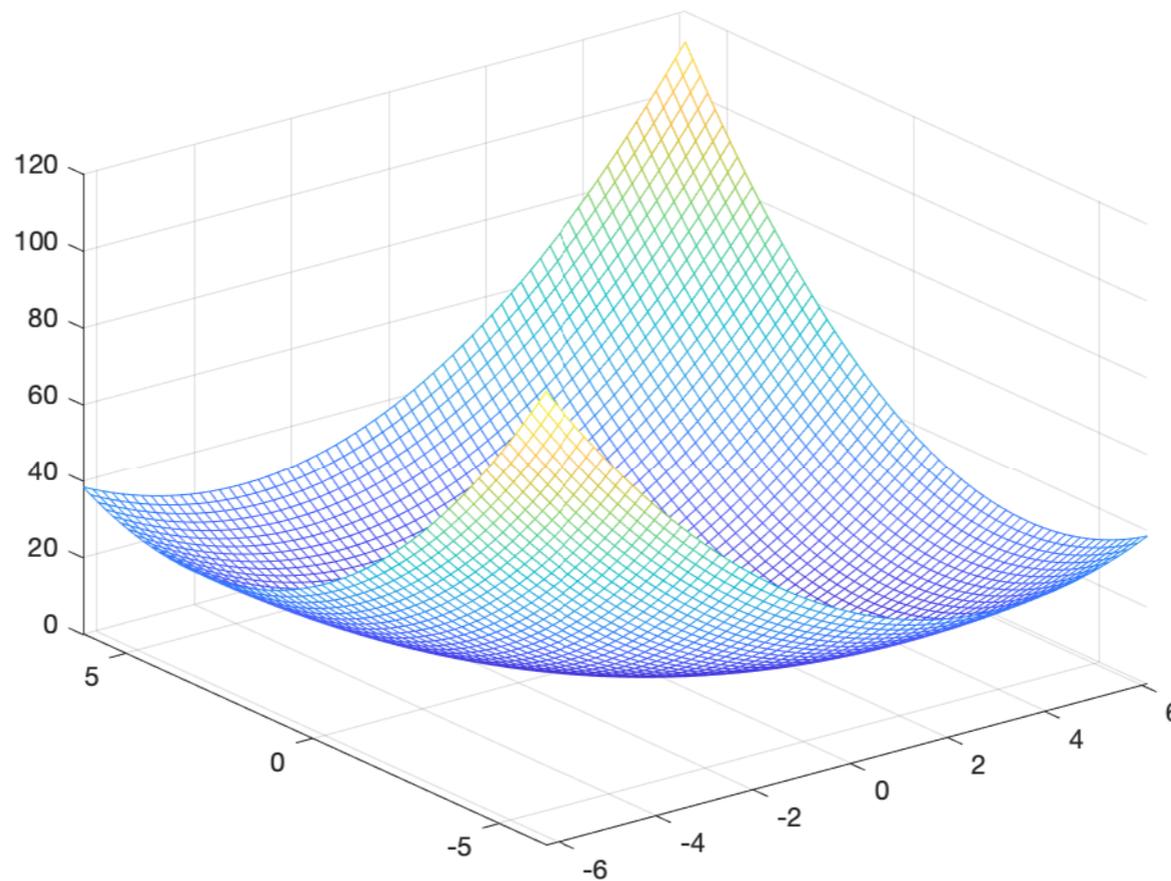


# Quadratic surface fitting

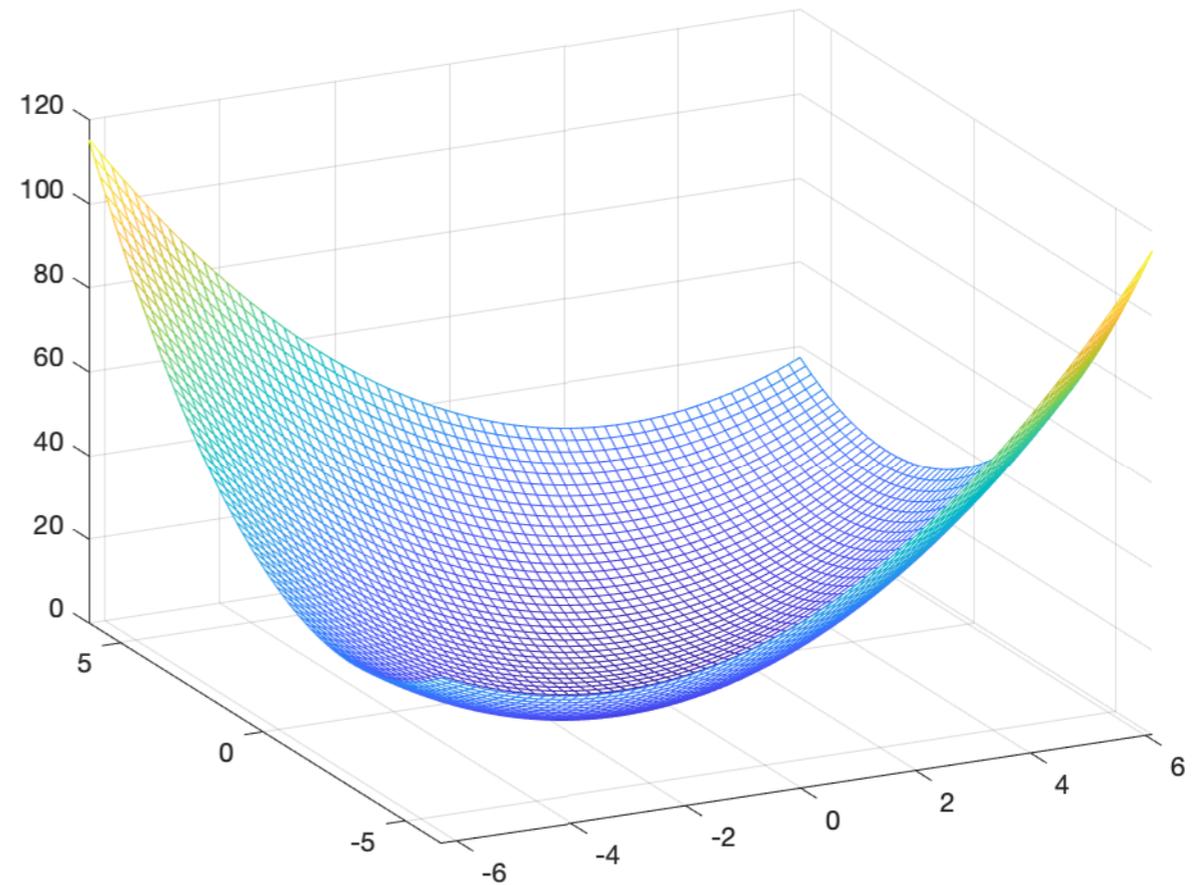
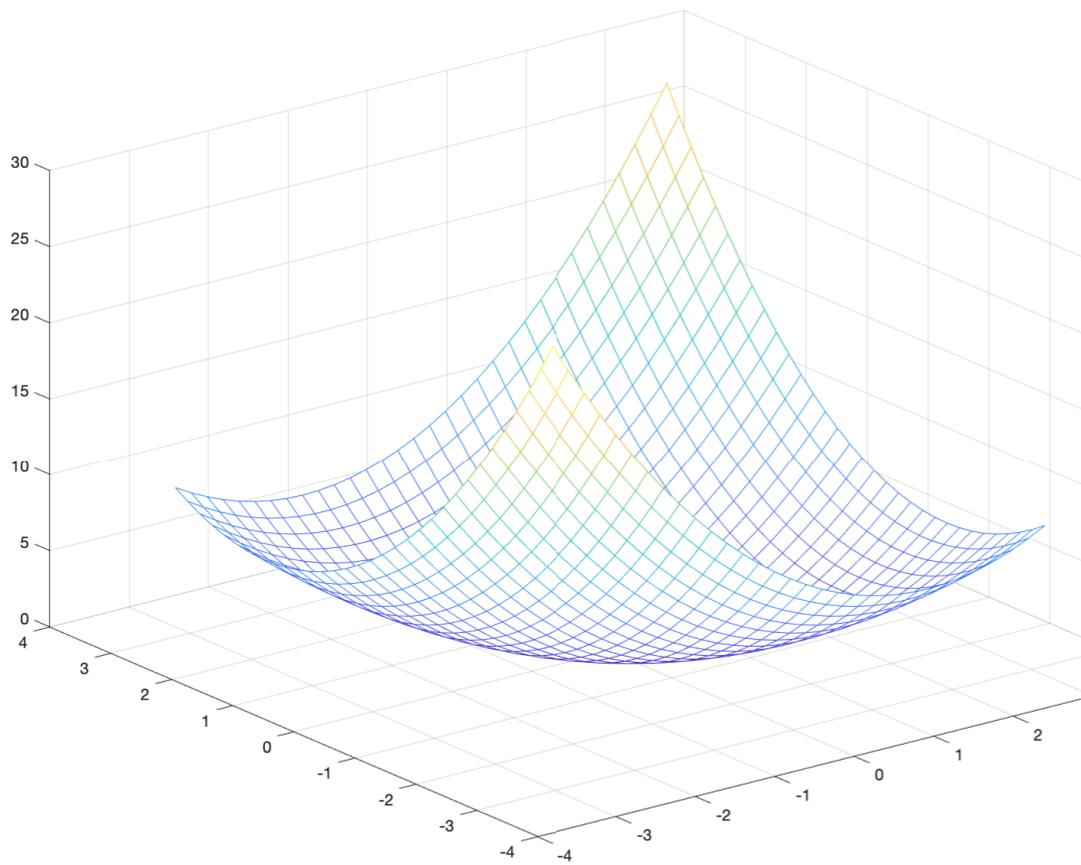
# Q surface:

$$x_1^2 + x_1x_2 + x_2^2$$



# Q surface:

$$x_1^2 - x_1x_2 + x_2^2$$



```
function plot_Q_surface(ss)
% ss = "x1.^2+x1.*x2+x2.^2"
f = inline(ss);
x1 = -pi:0.2:pi;
x2 = x1;
for i = 1:length(x1)
    y = f(x2,x1(i));
    C(i,:) = y;
end
mesh(x1,x2,C);
```

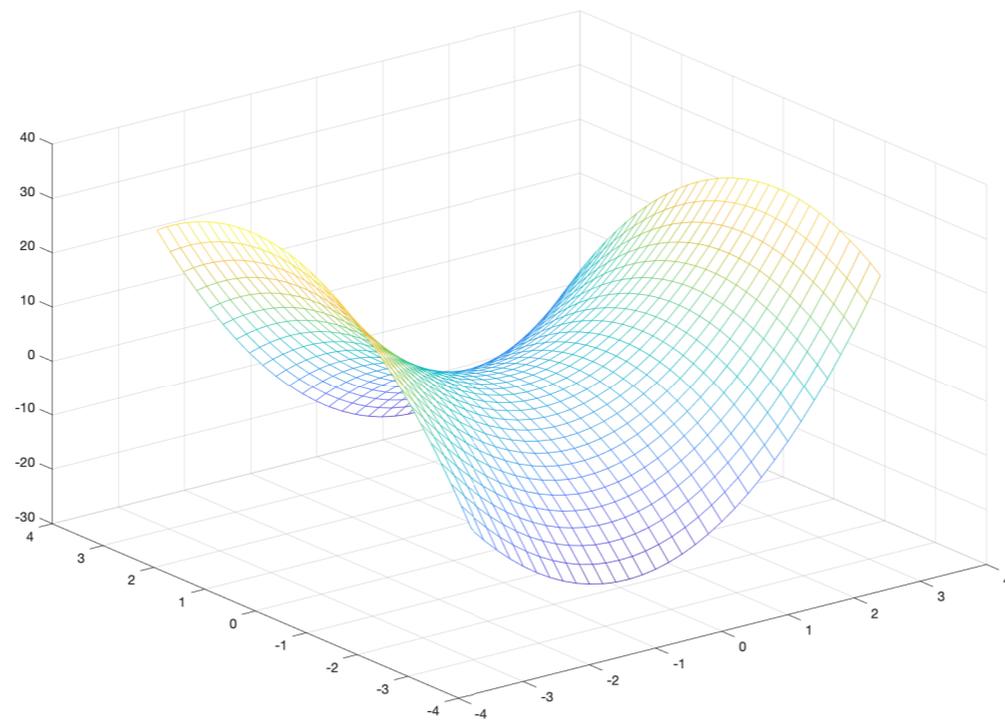
```
>> ss = "x1.^2-x1.*x2+x2.^2";
>> plot_Q_surface(ss)
```

# **Q-Surface sampling**

# Q surface:

$$3x_1^2 - 1.5x_1x_2 - 2x_2^2$$

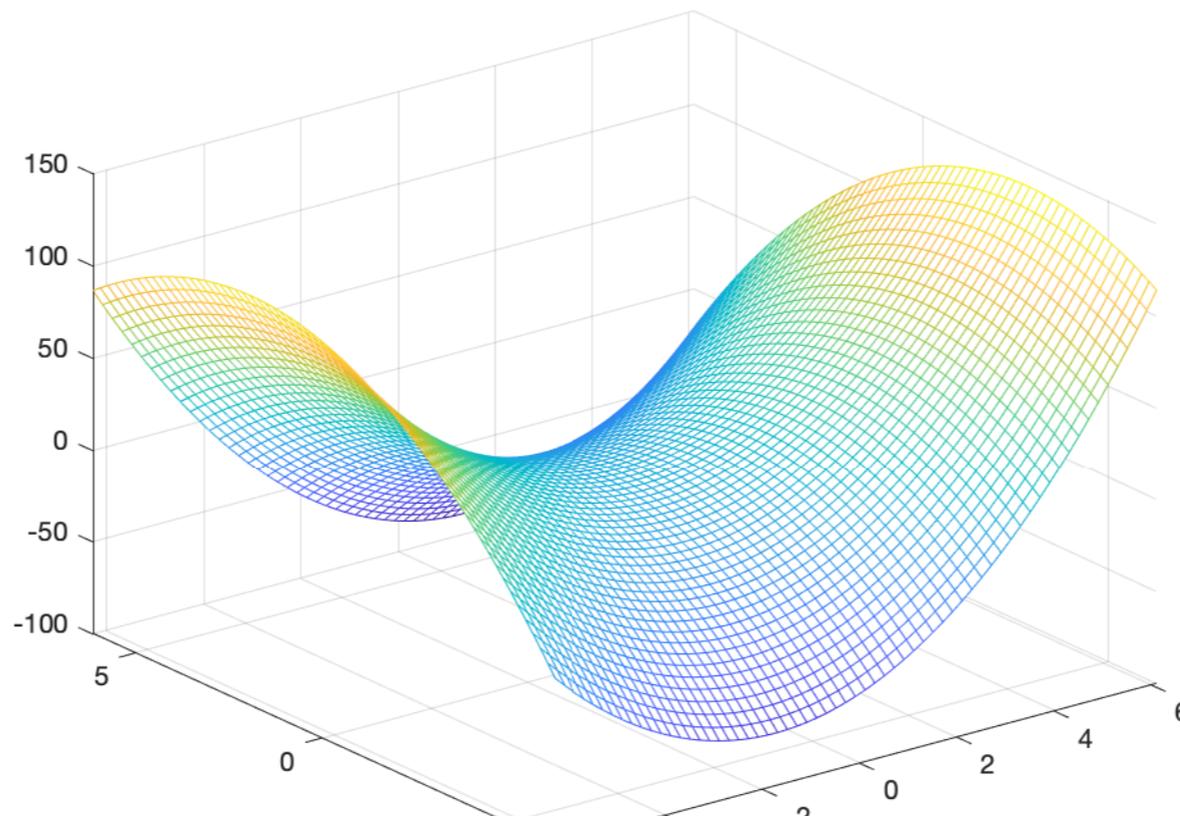
```
>> ss = "3*x1.^2-1.5*x1.*x2-2*x2.^2";  
>> plot_Q_surface(ss)
```



# Q surface:

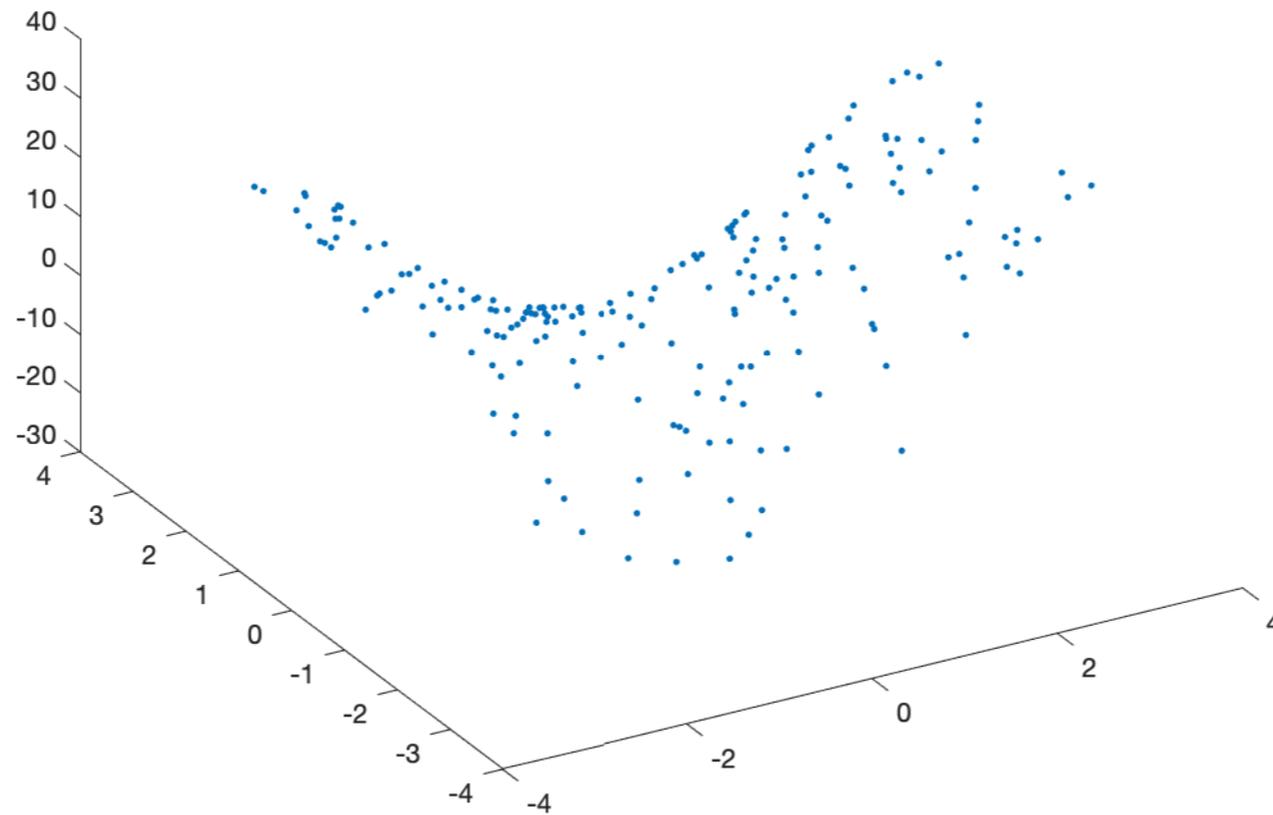
$$3x_1^2 - 1.5x_1x_2 - 2x_2^2 + x_1 - 2x_2 + 4$$

```
>> ss = "3*x1.^2-1.5*x1.*x2-2*x2.^2+x1-2*x2+4";  
>> plot_Q_surface(ss)
```



```
function [x y] = sampling_Q_Sur(ss)
% sampling
% ss = "3*x1.^2-1.5*x1.*x2-2*x2.^2+x1-2*x2+4";
N = 200;
d = 2;
x = rand(d,N)*4*pi-2*pi;
noise = rand(1,N)*0.2-0.1;
f = inline(ss);
y = f(x(1,:),x(2,:));
y = y + noise;
```

```
>> ss = "3*x1.^2-1.5*x1.*x2-2*x2.^2+x1-2*x2+4";  
>> [x,y] = sampling_Q_Sur(ss);  
>> plot3(x(1,:),x(2,:),y, '.')  
...
```

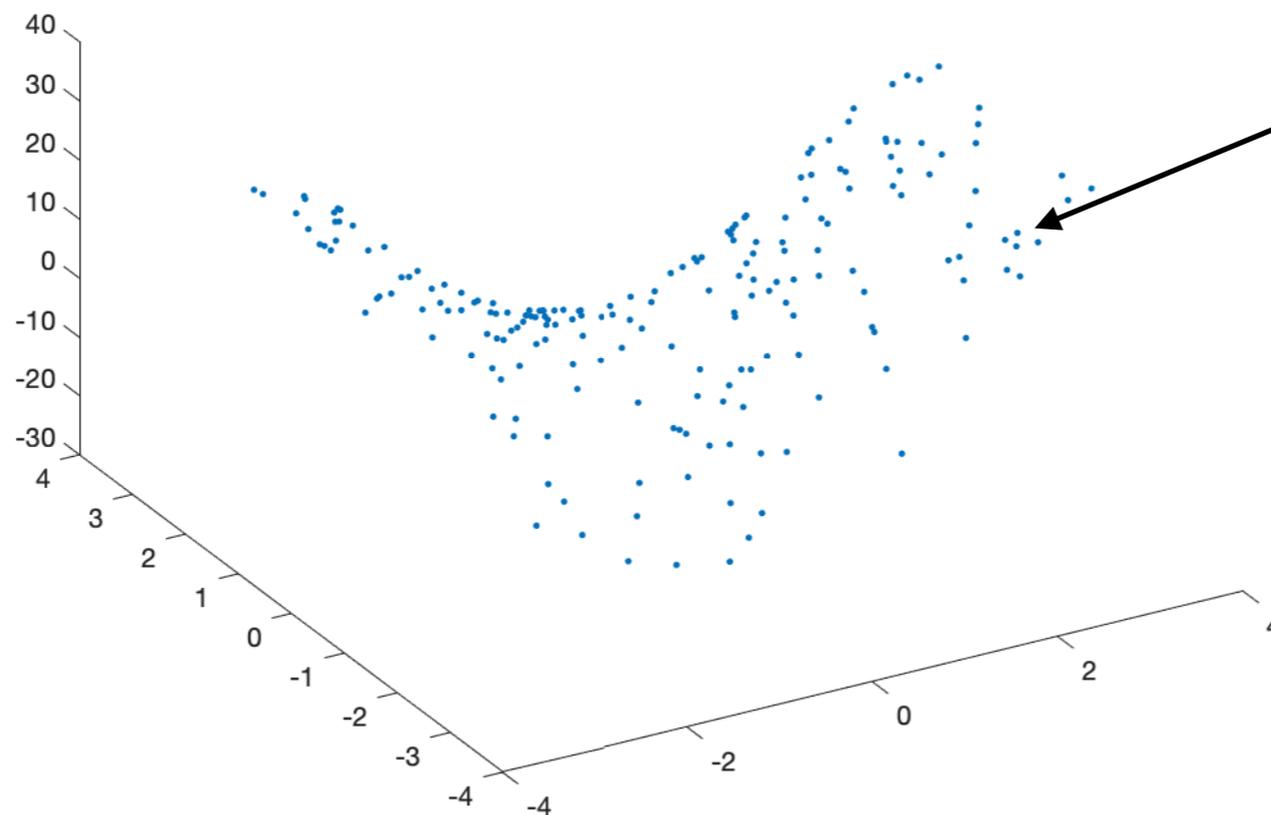


**Q surface fitting:  
Given  $x$  and  $y$ , find  
coefficients**

# Q surface coefficients:

$$c_1x_1^2 + c_2x_1x_2 + c_3x_2^2 + c_4x_1 + c_5x_2 + c_6 = y$$

A 3D point:  $(x_1[i], x_2[i], y[i])$



# Substitute

$(x_1[i], x_2[i], y[i])$

## to Q Surface

### Linear constraint :

$$c_1 x_1^2[i] + c_2 x_1[i] x_2[i] + c_3 x_2^2[i] + c_4 x_1[i] + c_5 x_2[i] + c_6 = y[i]$$



unknown

# All Linear Constraints

$$c_1x_1^2[1] + c_2x_1[1]x_2[1] + c_3x_2[1]^2 + c_4x_1[1] + c_5x_2[1] + c_6 = y[1]$$

$$c_1x_1^2[2] + c_2x_1[2]x_2[2] + c_3x_2[2]^2 + c_4x_1[2] + c_5x_2[2] + c_6 = y[2]$$

⋮

$$c_1x_1^2[i] + c_2x_1[i]x_2[i] + c_3x_2[i]^2 + c_4x_1[i] + c_5x_2[i] + c_6 = y[i]$$

⋮

$$c_1x_1^2[N] + c_2x_1[N]x_2[N] + c_3x_2[N]^2 + c_4x_1[N] + c_5x_2[N] + c_6 = y[N]$$

**Find the best**

$c_1, c_2, \dots, c_6$

# Matrix Form

$$\begin{aligned}
c_1x_1^2[1] + c_2x_1[1]x_2[1] + c_3x_2[1]^2 + c_4x_1[1] + c_5x_2[1] + c_6 &= y[1] \\
c_1x_1^2[2] + c_2x_1[2]x_2[2] + c_3x_2[2]^2 + c_4x_1[2] + c_5x_2[2] + c_6 &= y[2] \\
&\vdots \\
c_1x_1^2[i] + c_2x_1[i]x_2[i] + c_3x_2[i]^2 + c_4x_1[i] + c_5x_2[i] + c_6 &= y[i] \\
&\vdots \\
c_1x_1^2[N] + c_2x_1[N]x_2[N] + c_3x_2[N]^2 + c_4x_1[N] + c_5x_2[N] + c_6 &= y[N]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
x_1^2[1] & x_1[1]x_2[1] & x_2[1]^2 & x_1[1] & x_2[1] & 1 \\
x_1^2[2] & x_1[2]x_2[2] & x_2[2]^2 & x_1[2] & x_2[2] & 1 \\
& & & \vdots & & \\
x_1^2[i] & x_1[i]x_2[i] & x_2[i]^2 & x_1[i] & x_2[i] & 1 \\
& & & \vdots & & \\
x_1^2[N] & x_1[N]x_2[N] & x_2[N]^2 & x_1[N] & x_2[N] & 1
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
c_1 \\
c_2 \\
& \\
c_k \\
& \\
c_6
\end{bmatrix}
= \begin{bmatrix}
y[1] \\
y[2] \\
& \\
y[i] \\
& \\
y[N]
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$Xc = Y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1^2[1] & x_1[1]x_2[1] & x_2[1]^2 & x_1[1] & x_2[1] & 1 \\ x_1^2[2] & x_1[2]x_2[2] & x_2[2]^2 & x_1[2] & x_2[2] & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_1^2[i] & x_1[i]x_2[i] & x_2[i]^2 & x_1[i] & x_2[i] & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_1^2[N] & x_1[N]x_2[N] & x_2[N]^2 & x_1[N] & x_2[N] & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ \vdots \\ c_k \\ \vdots \\ c_6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y[1] \\ y[2] \\ \vdots \\ y[i] \\ \vdots \\ y[N] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix}
 x_1^2[1] & x_1[1]x_2[1] & x_2[1]^2 & x_1[1] & x_2[1] & 1 \\
 x_1^2[2] & x_1[2]x_2[2] & x_2[2]^2 & x_1[2] & x_2[2] & 1 \\
 & & & \vdots & & \\
 x_1^2[i] & x_1[i]x_2[i] & x_2[i]^2 & x_1[i] & x_2[i] & 1 \\
 & & & \vdots & & \\
 x_1^2[N] & x_1[N]x_2[N] & x_2[N]^2 & x_1[N] & x_2[N] & 1
 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Form matrix  $X$  and  $Y$**

**$X$  is not invertible**  
**Apply pseudo inverse to solve  $c$**

$$X: N \times 6$$

$$Y: N \times 1$$

$$c: 6 \times 1$$

$$c = \text{pinv}(X) * Y$$

$X : 200 \times 6$

$$Xc = Y$$

$X^T : 6 \times 200$

$$\boxed{X^T X} c = X^T Y$$

$X^T X : 6 \times 6$

$$c = \mathit{inv}(X^T X) X^T Y$$

**Find  $\hat{Y}$**

$$\hat{Y} = Xc = X(X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$$

**Find mean square error**  
 **$\text{mean}((\hat{Y}-Y).^2)$**

# **Exercise 10.19**

# Q Surface Fitting

1. Input  $x$  and  $y$
2. Form matrix  $X$  and  $Y$
3. Find  $c$
4. Find  $\hat{Y}$
5. Find mean square error
6. Plot surface

```
1 function [Y_hat, c]=QS_fitting(x,y)
2 X = [];
3 X=[X transpose(x(1,:).^2)];
4 X=[X transpose(x(1,:).*x(2,:))]
```

$$c = \text{inv}(X^T X)X^T Y$$

$$\hat{Y} = Xc = X(X^T X)^{-1}X^T Y$$

**mean square error**

$$\text{mean}((\hat{Y}-Y).^2)$$

```
ss = "3*x1.^2-1.5*x1.*x2-2*x2.^2+x1-2*x2+4"
```

```
plot_Q_surface(ss)
```

```
[x y] = sampling_Q_Sur(ss)
```

```
[y_hat, c]=QS_fitting(x,y);
```

```
mean((y_hat-y').^2)
```

```
>> c'
```

```
ans =
```

```
2.9996 -1.4998 -1.9999 0.9996 -1.9992 4.0064
```

**ss = "x1+x2-0.5"**

**plot\_Q\_surface(ss)**

**[x y] = sampling\_Q\_Sur(ss)**

**[y\_hat, c]=QS\_fitting(x,y);**

**mean((y\_hat-y').^2)**

```
>> c'  
ans =  
-0.0005 -0.0005 -0.0005 1.0020 1.0034 -0.4889
```

**ss = "x1.^2+x1.\*x2+x2.^2"**

plot\_Q\_surface(ss)

[x y] = sampling\_Q\_Sur(ss)

[y\_hat, c]=QS\_fitting(x,y);

mean((y\_hat-y').^2)

```
ss = "sin(x1+x2)"
```

```
plot_Q_surface(ss)
```

```
[x y] = sampling_Q_Sur(ss)
```

```
[y_hat, c]=QS_fitting(x,y);
```

```
mean((y_hat-y').^2)
```

```
>> mean((y_hat-y').^2)
ans =
    0.4690
```

Unacceptable